

TRAUMATIC BURST/COMPRESSION FRACTURE

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General debraced at 10-12 weeks, then referred to Physical Therapy.

Evaluation

HX: Nature of trauma, additional injuries, level(s) of fracture,

fracture healing status at last x-ray.

PAIN: Typically minimal by this time; ? medication management. **POSTURE/BODY MECHANICS:** Sleeping, sitting, standing, lifting, bending,

ADL.

SOFT TISSUE INTEGRITY

INTERSEGMENTAL JOINT MOBILITY

NEURO: Myotomes, dermatomes, DTR's, SLR.

STRENGTH: Core weakness secondary to bracing, extremity deconditioning

secondary to decreased activity.

FUNCTIONAL STATUS: Home/ADL, work, exercise program, recreation,

gait.

Education

Treatment

Goals

Precautions: Flexion, rotation, and axial loading.

Posture: Sleeping, sitting, standing. **Mechanics:** Bending, lifting, ADL.

Walking Program: Low impact endurance activity. Healing Risk Factors: Smoking, alcohol, inactivity, diet.

• Begin core strengthening progression:

- ~ supine → prone → quadruped → kneeling → standing
- ~ non-compliant/stable surface → compliant/less stable surface
- ~ static → dynamic
- \sim wide base of support \rightarrow narrow base of support
- ~ internal challenge → external challenge
- · Possible aquatic program, particularly if load sensitive.
- Extremity strength and conditioning with dynamic core stability.
- Flexibility/stretching, gentle trunk range of motion.
- · Repetitive posture/body mechanics education.
- Possible modalities to augment treatment for pain/tightness.
- Soft tissue mobilization if indicated.
- Grade I & II joint mobilization.



- Independent home exercise program including strengthening, flexibility, and endurance.
- Independent with pain management strategies if necessary.
- Return to work per physician restrictions.
- Independent with postural self-correction.
- Able to demonstrate appropriate body mechanics with ADL, home/gym program, work simulated activity.
- Return to recreational activity per physician restrictions.